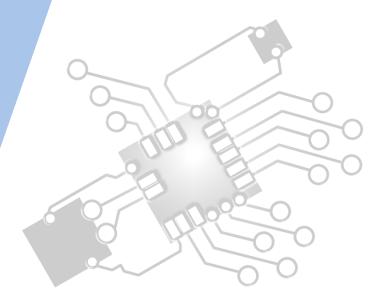


Objects as a programming concept

IB Computer Science

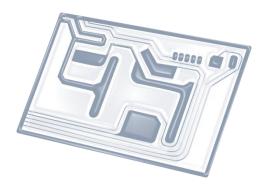


Content developed by **Dartford Grammar School** Computer Science Department





HL Topics 1-7, D1-4





1: System design



2: Computer Organisation



3: Networks



4: Computational thinking



5: Abstract data structures



6: Resource management



7: Control



D: OOP



HL & SL D.3 Overview

D.3 Program development

D.3.1 Define the terms: class, identifier, primitive, instance variable, parameter variable, local variable

- D.3.2 Define the terms: method, accessor, mutator, constructor, signature, return value
- D.3.3 Define the terms: private, protected, public, extends, static
- D.3.4 Describe the uses of the primitive data types and the reference class string
- D.3.5 Construct code to implement assessment statements
- D.3.6 Construct code examples related to selection statements
- D.3.7 Construct code examples related to repetition statements
- D.3.8 Construct code examples related to static arrays

D.3.9 Discuss the features of modern programming languages that enable internationalization

D.3.10 Discuss the ethical and moral obligations of programmers



2: Computer Organisation





3: Networks

4: Computational thinking





5: Abstract data structures

6: Resource management

Ö



D: OOP

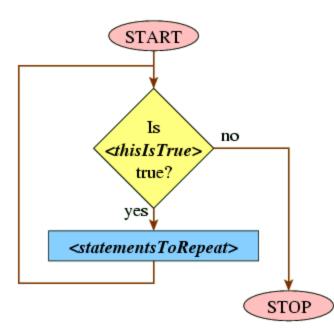






Topic D.3.7

Construct code examples related to repetition statements





Practice code that uses:

- FOR loops
- WHILE loops

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int loopVal;
```

```
int end_value = 11;
int addition = 0;
```

```
for (loopVal = 1; loopVal < end_value; loopVal++) {</pre>
```

```
addition = addition + loopVal;
```

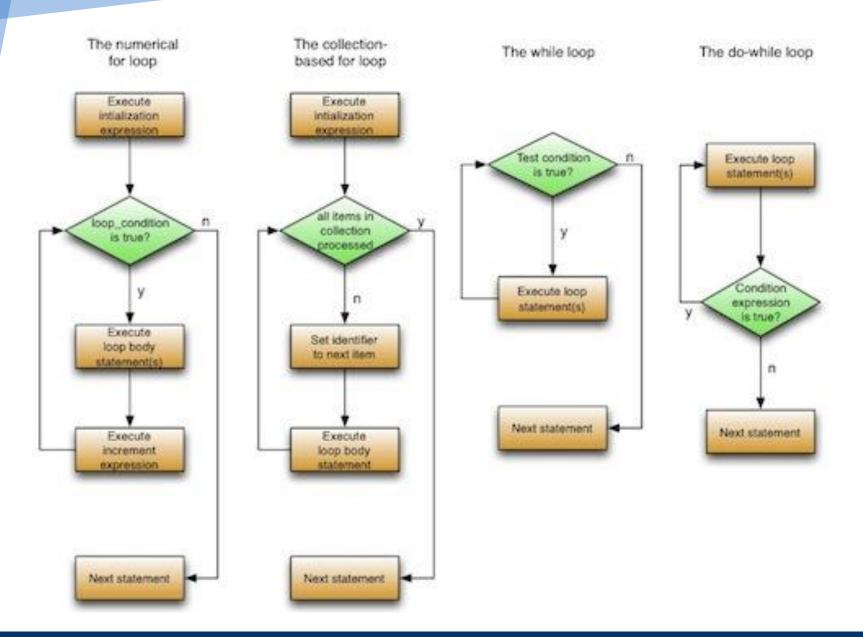
```
System.out.println("Total = " + addition);
```

}

}

```
// This part is for Java 2 only
/* Vector v = new Vector(table.values());
    Collections.sort(v);
    Enumeration list = v.elements(); */
// And this is for earlier versions
Enumeration list = table.elements();
// Common code
StringBuffer outFileName =
    new StringBuffer(inFile.getName());
outFileName.setCharAt(0, 'C');
outFileName.setCharAt(1, '_');
String outFile = outFileName.toString();
tru {
    FileWriter out =
        new FileWriter(outFile, false);
    while(list.hasMoreElements()) {
        Word temp = (Word)list.nextElement();
        out.write(temp.toString() + NLINE);
    }
    out.close(): // finished
} catch(IOException err) {
    System.err.println("Error in WordCount:count()"
    + " outfile:" + NLINE + err.getMessage());
}
```







Three steps to exam-prep

- Make **flashcards** of all key concepts
- Practice programming all concepts on the computer using an IDE (like Eclipse)
- Practice programming on paper (very important!)

Warning: Don't depend too much on past papers. Questions change every year and no scenario will ever repeat.

