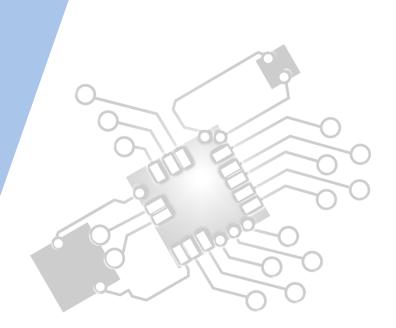


System Design basics

IB Computer Science

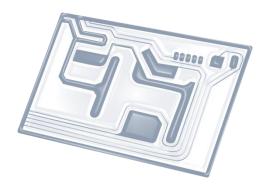








HL Topics 1-7, D1-4





1: System design



2: Computer Organisation



3: Networks



4: Computational thinking



5: Abstract data structures



6: Resource management



7: Control



D: OOP



HL & SL 1.2 Overview

Components of a computer system

1.2.1 Define the terms: hardware, software, peripheral, network, human resources

- 1.2.2 Describe the roles that a computer can take in a networked world
- 1.2.3 Discuss the social and ethical issues associated with a networked world

System design and analysis

1.2.4 Identify the relevant stakeholders when planning a new system

- 1.2.5 Describe methods of obtaining requirements from stakeholders
- 1.2.6 Describe appropriate techniques for gathering the information needed to arrive at a workable solution

1.2.7 Construct suitable representations to illustrate system requirements

1.2.8 Describe the purpose of prototypes to demonstrate the proposed system to the client1.2.9 Discuss the importance of iteration during the design process

1.2.10 Explain the possible consequences of failing to involve the end-user in the design process

1.2.11 Discuss the social and ethical issues associated with the introduction of new IT systems

Human interaction with the system

1.2.12 Define the term usability

- 1.2.13 Identify a range of usability problems with commonly used digital devices
- 1.2.14 Identify methods that can be used to improve the accessibility of systems
- 1.2.15 Identify a range of usability problems that can occur in a system

1.2.16 Discuss the moral, ethical, social, economic and environmental implications of the interaction between humans and machines



2: Computer Organisation





3: Networks

4: Computational thinking





5: Abstract data structures

6: Resource management







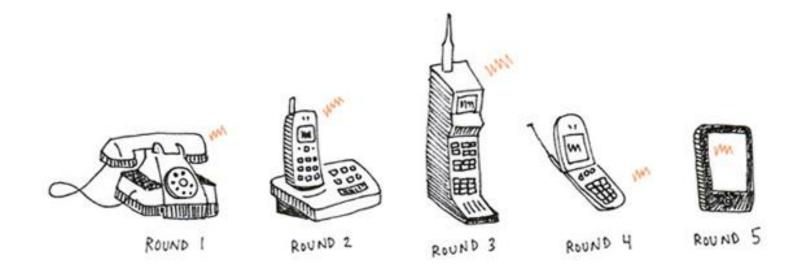
D: OOP





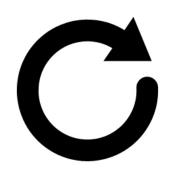
Topic 1.2.9

Discuss the importance of **iteration** during the design process





Iteration



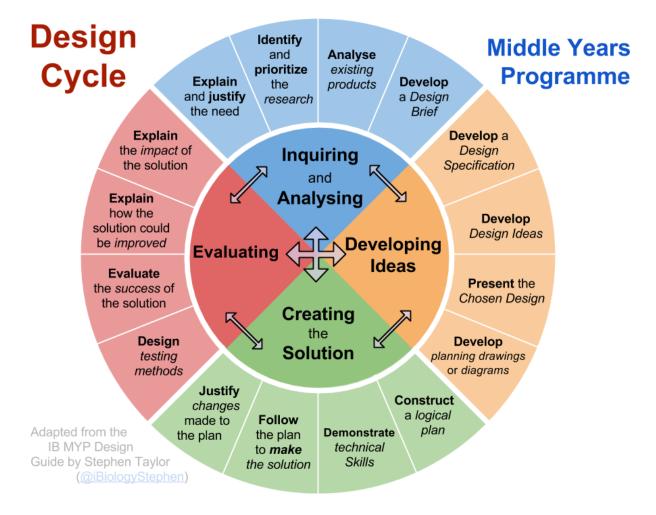
The action or a process of iterating or repeating.

Meaning 1: a procedure in which repetition of a sequence of operations yields results successively closer to a desired result (linked to *prototyping*)

Meaning 2: the repetition of a sequence of computer instructions a specified number of times or until a condition is met (links to *loops*, an alternative to *recursion*)



IB (MYP) Design Cycle





Internal Assessment Design Cycle

