

Advanced program development

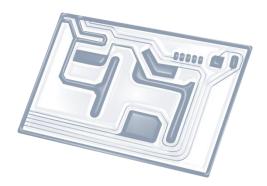
IB Computer Science







HL Topics 1-7, D1-4





1: System design



2: Computer Organisation



3: Networks



4: Computational thinking



5: Abstract data structures



6: Resource management



7: Control



D: OOP



HL only D.4 Overview

D.4 Advanced program development

- D.4.1 Define the term recursion
- D.4.2 Describe the application of recursive algorithms
- D.4.3 Construct algorithms that use recursion
- D.4.4 Trace recursive algorithms
- D.4.5 Define the term object reference
- D.4.6 Construct algorithms that use reference mechanisms
- D.4.7 Identify the features of the abstract data type (ADT) list
- D.4.8 Describe applications of lists
- D.4.9 Construct algorithms using a static implementation of a list
- D.4.10 Construct list algorithms using object references
- D.4.11 Construct algorithms using the standard library collections included in JETS

D.4.12 Trace algorithms using the implementations described in assessment statements D.4.9–D.4.11.

- D.4.13 Explain the advantages of using library collections
- D.4.14 Outline the features of ADT's stack, queue and binary tree
- D.4.15 Explain the importance of style and naming conventions in code



2: Computer Organisation





3: Networks

4: Computational thinking





5: Abstract data structures

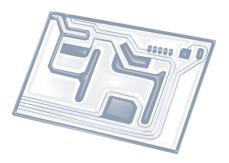
6: Resource management

D: OOP



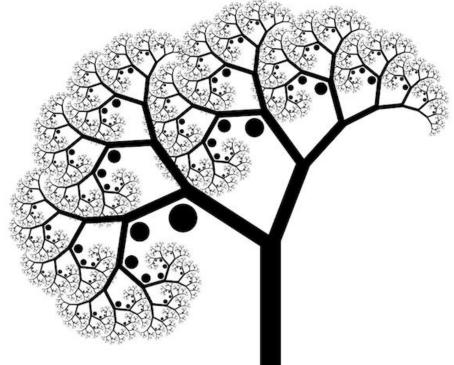






Topic D.4.2

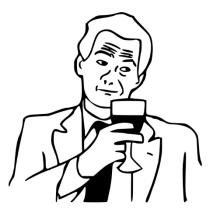
Describe the **application** of recursive algorithms

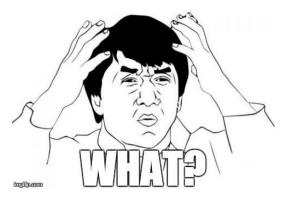




Officially (according to the IB):

- "Students should understand that recursion can be applied to a small subset of programming problems to produce elegant solutions.
- Students should also understand that <u>recursive</u> <u>algorithms are rarely used in practice</u>."







Possible examples

Sorting algorithms
 Factorial calculations
 Tree traversals
 ...? Other examples ...???





Remember:

There are **advantages** and **disadvantages** to recursion



Possible answer (3 marks)

- Recursive versions of many routines may execute a bit more slowly than the iterative equivalent because of the added overhead of the additional function calls.
- Many recursive calls to a method could cause a stack overrun.
 Because storage for parameters and local variables, it is possible that the stack could be exhausted. If this occurs, the java run-time system will cause an exception. However, you probably will not have to worry about this unless a recursive routine runs wild.
- The main advantage to recursive methods is that they can be **used to create clearer and simpler versions of several algorithms than can their iterative relatives**. For example, the QuickSort **sorting** algorithm is quite difficult to implement in an iterative way.





Possible exam type questions

A large company might have several hundred buses running. Each one has a unique id stored with the Bus instance.

(d) Explain how a binary tree could be used to store these ids such that they can be quickly retrieved (if they exist) by a search.

The tree stores the ids 2045, 3474, 5877, 1099, 9644.

(e) Draw a diagram of an ordered binary tree containing these keys assuming they were inserted in the order given. [5]

A binary tree node may be inserted iteratively or recursively.

(f) Identify **two** disadvantages of the recursive algorithm.

[3]

[2]